



**Ravenscroft
Primary School**
Explore. Achieve. Fly.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS & MEDICINES IN SCHOOL POLICY

Ravenscroft Primary School is an inclusive community that aims to welcome and support pupils with medical conditions. This school aims to provide all pupils with all medical conditions the same opportunities as others at school: where appropriate, the school environment should be inclusive and favourable to pupils with medical conditions. This includes the physical as well as social, sporting and educational activities.

Communication

Pupils, parents and staff are informed and regularly reminded about the school's policy and procedures with regard to medicines in school:

- via the school website
- when a child is enrolled as a new pupil
- when a Personal Medical Care Plan is drawn up or reviewed
- through staff training & reminders
- whenever medication is brought into school

Parental Responsibilities

- At Ravenscroft we recognise that parents have the prime responsibility for their child's health and that it is their responsibility to provide the school with known information about their child's medical condition and agencies involved, including details of medicines their child needs
- Medication should be delivered to school by the parent or escort (not sent to school in the child's bag) and given to the School Office. It should NOT be given directly to class teachers or school support staff. Medications brought into school must be approved by the Deputy Head for Inclusion, the Head Teacher or the Safeguarding Officer.
- Parents/carers have the responsibility to ensure that all medication / inhalers/etc. are in date and brought into school as arranged as part of a child's medical care plan.
- Parents should notify the school immediately if their child's medication changes, is discontinued or dosage is changed, etc.

Pupil Responsibilities

- Pupils are expected to treat other pupils with or without a medical condition equally
- Pupils are encouraged to tell an adult when they or another pupil are feeling unwell
- Pupils know how to gain access to their medication in an emergency and will ensure a member of staff is called
- Pupils will be supported and encouraged to manage their own medicine whenever appropriate. A member of staff will supervise a pupil administering his/her own medication/procedure

School Responsibilities

- Staff members understand the medical conditions that affect children at the school and the impact this can have on pupils. Appropriate adjustments and extra support are provided where needed.
- Staff members are aware of the common triggers that can make medical conditions worse or can bring on an emergency. The school actively works, where appropriate, towards reducing or eliminating these health & safety risks.
- Staff members are not required by law to administer medication or treatment as part of their usual duties. Medicines will only be administered by staff willing and suitably trained to do so and then only under the overall direction and responsibility of the Deputy Head for Inclusion. Most support staff are employed on contracts which require them to carry out certain simple medical procedures, including the administration of medicines.
- Staff members will not force pupils to take medication. If a pupil refuses to take medication, this will be noted in the records and any procedures in the pupil's medical care plan will be followed. Parents will be informed of the refusal on the same day. If refusal to take medicines results in an emergency, the emergency procedures will be followed.

Prescription Medicines which need to be taken during the school day

- Staff will only store, supervise and administer medicine that has been prescribed for an individual child and is in-date. (however, in an emergency the school's emergency asthma pump may be used if prior written consent has been given by the parent and the appropriate protocols are followed – see Appendices)
- Requests for administration of medication to a pupil in school will be considered individually
- Medicines should only be brought to school when essential; that is where it would be detrimental to the child's health if the medicine were not administered during the school day. (e.g. medicines to be taken 3 times a day can be taken in the morning, immediately after school and at bedtime).
- In all instances medicines will only be administered to a pupil with their parent/carer's written consent. (In addition, a note from the family GP confirming the child is fit to attend school and the necessity for the child to take medication during school hours may be required)
- A minimum amount of medication, required by the pupil, will be held in school to accommodate the needs of that pupil. The medication will normally be held in the medicine locker in the Inclusion Office unless otherwise stated in a written agreement.
- The school will not normally make changes to dosages on parental instructions unless this is stipulated in the child's individual medical care plan or school written agreement

Long term / complex medical needs

- Personal Medical Care Plans will be drawn up in consultation with the school, parents and medical professionals.
- Every pupil with a medical care plan has their plan discussed and reviewed at least once a year.
- The school uses Medical Care Plans to inform the appropriate staff about the individual needs of pupils in their care and the actions to take in case of an emergency.
- All members of staff who work with groups of pupils have access to the medical care plans of pupils in their care

Educational Visits

- Medical requirements will be noted on the school's risk assessments
- During educational visits sufficient essential medicines and medical charts/ medical care plans will be taken and controlled by the member of staff leading the party

Non-Prescription Medicines

- Staff will not give a non-prescribed medicine to a child except in exceptional circumstances where there is specific prior written permission from parents, the medicine is provided by the parents and this has been agreed by the Head Teacher / Deputy Head for Inclusion / Safeguarding Officer.
- A child under 16 will never be given aspirin or medicines containing ibuprofen unless prescribed by a doctor.

Storing and Labelling Medicines

- Medicines, where appropriate, will be stored in the First Aid locker in the school Inclusion Office unless otherwise agreed in the child's medical care plan
- Any medication that needs to be refrigerated will be stored in the Inclusion Office fridge under adult supervision
- **All** medicines brought into school should be in the original packaging and clearly marked with:-
 - the name of the medicine
 - the pupil's name and class
 - dosage (including method of administration and times)
 - any known side effects
 - expiry date
 - special storage requirements
- The Deputy Head for Inclusion or Safeguarding Officer will check that medicines have been labelled correctly and the expiry dates for all medication stored in school.
- The school does not store medications in school during the main school holidays: medications will be sent home at the end of each term.

Record Keeping

- Parents / carers are asked at enrolment if their child has any health conditions or issues and a medical form completed with further details. The medical forms will be reviewed on a yearly basis by the school.
- Medicines received will be logged onto the school's drug file, and held securely within the school. All essential staff will be able to access medicines in case of emergency.
- The school will establish a medication chart for every child receiving medication. Persons administering medication will check medication type is correct then log the time and date, and sign the chart upon administering medication.

Disposal of Medicines

- School staff will not dispose of medicines. Parents/carers are responsible for the disposal of surplus or expired medication
- Any medicines not collected by parents / carers at the end of the school year will be taken to a local pharmacy for safe disposal
- Sharps boxes are used for the disposal of needles. These can be obtained by parents on prescription from the GP

Staff training

- The school will provide training for staff in order that they are equipped to administer medical treatment to pupils with certain medical needs e.g. administration of rectal diazepam, epipen etc. Maintenance of staff training records and annual reviews will be the responsibility of the Deputy Head for Inclusion.

Emergency Procedures

- If a child should require further medical treatment, the first available person must call an ambulance using the **999 service**, giving school address and nature of the problem. A Staff member must stay with the child until the parent arrives. Should the parent not be available then a member of staff will attend hospital with the child. Contact should be made with the parent to explain what has been done and for the parent to meet the member of staff and child at the hospital.
- If a child has a Personal Medical Care Plan the school has procedures in place so that a copy of the pupil's Medical Care Plan is sent to the emergency care setting with the pupil or as soon as possible.

This policy was agreed :	October 2020
Policy to be reviewed by:	October 2022

The following documents have been taken into account in the production of this policy:

Managing Medicines in Schools and Early Years Settings (2005)

Medical Conditions at School: A Policy Resource Pack is designed to work alongside Managing Medicines in Schools and Early Years Settings.

Supporting pupils at school with medical conditions (Dec 2015) DfE

Guidance on the use of emergency salbutamol inhalers in schools (March 2015) DoH

Managing Medicines in Schools and Early Years Settings [London Borough of Newham SP098]

Care planning within education setting (April 2015) East London NHS

Appendices (separate to policy):

- Protocols for use of emergency asthma pump
- Asthma Care plan & record (school-based)
- Medicine in school request form & record
- Medical Conditions form